#### NEW ZEALAND.

ANNO VICESIMO SEXTO

## VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

### No. 20.

#### ANALYSIS.

Title.
Preamble.

1. Short Title.
2. Interpretation Clause.

3. Governor to exercise powers of the British
Board of Trade.

Certain powers to be vested in the Gover-nor in Council.

THE CHIEF MARINE BOARD

5. Chief Marine Board to be established,

Appointments to be Gazetted.
 When Warden's Seat vacant.

 New Appointment of Warden.
 Board shall be Corporation and have a Seal.
 Conveyances must be approved. Pilots and Pilotage.

Appointment of Pilots.
 Board to regulate Pilot Charges, &c.
 Pilots to be examined.

 Pilots may be suspended from Duty.
 Boards may appoint and regulate pay of Pilots.

16. Penalty on Person illegally piloting. 17. Pilots who have been licensed under for-

mer Law to Act.

18. Rates of Pilotage to be fixed and prepaid. 19. Regulates exemption from Pilotage.

20. Penalty on Masters evading Pilotage 21. Penalty on Master refusing or hindering Pilot.

22. Extra Charge for Detention of Pilot. Lighthouses.

23. Board to manage and control Coast-lights,

24. 1 rovision for erection of Lighthouses, &c. 25. Board may fix Light Dues Survey and other duties.

26. Board to make Marine Survey.

27. Inspection of Steam Vessels. 28. Board may delegate Powers under Steam Navigation Act.

29. Quarantine Regulations.

Accounts. 30. Funds how to be dealt with.

31. Dues and Rates to form Special Fund. 32. Annual Account to be transmitted and

Audited. LOCAL BOARDS.

33. Method of Appointment.

33. Method of Appointment.
44. Who shall compose Boards.
35. Appointments to be Gazetted.
36. When Warden's Seat vacant.
37. New Appointment of Warden.

38. Boards shall be Corporations and have a Seal

39. Governor may constitute Board in certain cases

General Powers and Duties of Boards. 40. Definition of Powers and Duties.

41. Buoys, &c., to belong to Superintendent. Wharves and Docks.

43. Superintendent may define Limits. 43. Plans of Construction of additional Wharves, &c., to be laid before Board. Accounts.

44. Annual Account to be transmitted, audited. and published.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

45. Governor in Council may make Harbour Regulations.
46. Provisions of Act to apply to each Board and Officer respectively.

47. General Dues and Rates.

48. General Expense

49. Lighthouse and i'ilotage Dues to be Port charges and to be paid before clearance.

50. Whalers to be exempt from Port Charges.

Masters of Whalers exempt from Penalties. 52. Rules for Mooring, &c., such vessel.

53. Bye-Laws.
54 Bye Laws deemed part of Act. 55. Proof of Bye-Law:

56. Offence incurring Penalty.

55. One new neutring relianty.

57. Penalty for Obstruction.

58. Penalty for wilful Damage to Works.

59. Penalty for wilful Damage to Lights.

60. Trees felled to be removed from Rivers, &c.

61. Penalty for removing or defineing Buoys, &c.

62. Accidental injuries to be repaired under Penalty.

63. Penalty on Harbour Master for neglect, &c. 64. Penalty on Pilots for Misbehaviour, &c. 65. Sums unaccounted for to be deemed Crown

66. Summary Procedure for Breach of Bye-

Laws.
67. What shall be sufficient / verment.

68. Limitation and Regulation of Actions. 69. British Registry to rule Tonnage.

70. Tonnage to be measured.

71. Acts repealed.
72. Existing Rules to remain in force. Schedule.

An Act to establish Marine Boards for the Title. general Control and Management of Ports Pilots Lighthouses and other Matters relating to Navigation and to regulate Port Charges and other Rates. [15th September, 1862.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the general control and Preamble. Management of Ports Harbours Wharves Docks Pilots Light-

houses and other matters relating to Navigation and Shipping should be vested in Marine Boards:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:

Short Title

I. The Short Title of this Act shall be "The Marine Board Act 1862."

Interpretation Clause

- II. In the construction and for the purposes of this Act and of all proceedings under this Act the following words shall have the meanings hereinafter assigned to them unless there is something in the context of the Act repugnant to such construction:—
  - "Board" shall mean the Marine Board of the Port in relation to which the term is used.

"Warden" shall include Master Warden.

"Port" shall extend to and include any port harbour or haven or navigable creek or river within the jurisdiction

of the Boards respectively.

"Wharf" shall extend to and include any public wharf quay or pier or any place used for the landing of goods or passengers situate within any "Port" the management of which is otherwise provided for by law.

"Collector of Customs" shall include the person acting as such at the Port in respect of which the term is used.

"Harbour Master" shall extend to and include any Deputy Harbour Master or person for the time being acting as such Harbour Master or Deputy.

"Master" shall extend to and include the person not being a Pilot commanding or for the time being having the principal or actual charge custody or control of a vessel.

"Colonial Ports" shall mean all Ports within the Colony

and within the Australian Colonies.

"Colonial Trader" shall mean and intend a vessel the master of which has at any time made more than two consecutive voyages to and fro between the Port in this Colony in which the vessel may be and any other Colonial Port and which is actually trading between Colonial Ports.

Governor to exercise powers of the British Board of Trade.

III. The Governor shall have and exercise within the Colony all the powers mutatis mutandis which are in and by the Act of the Imperial Parliament entitled "The Merchant Shipping Act 1854" vested in the Board of Trade.

### THE CHIEF MARINE BOARD

Certain powers to be vested in the Governor in Council.

IV. Where by the said "Merchant Shipping Act 1854" any power may be exercised by the Board of Trade with the assistance of the Commissioner of Customs such power may be exercised by the Governor in Council.

Chief Marine Foard to be established.

V. The Governor in Council shall as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act establish a Board to be called the Chief Marine Board of New Zealand and shall appoint some fit and proper person to be President of Marine Boards who shall

act as Master Warden of such Chief Marine Board and not less than three nor more than five other persons to be Wardens thereof of whom one shall be appointed to be the Treasurer thereof and such appointment from time to time as he shall think fit to revoke and cancel and to make others in lieu thereof.

VI. Every appointment by the Governor in Council of a Appointments to be Gazetted. Warden shall be made by warrant of which a notice shall be published in the Government Gazette of the Colony and also of the Province to which the same shall relate.

VII. If any Warden is declared insolvent or ceases or When Warden's seat neglects to attend the sittings of the Chief Marine Board for a period of three months at one time except in cases of illness certified by a duly qualified Medical Practitioner or of absence by permission of the said Board it shall be lawful for the said Board to declare such Warden's seat vacant and it shall thereupon be vacant accordingly.

VIII. Upon every vacancy among the Wardens a new New Appointment of Warden shall be nominated and appointed in manner aforesaid to supply such vacancy.

IX. The said Board shall be a Body Corporate by the name Board shall be Corof the Chief Marine Board of New Zealand and by that name Seal. shall have perpetual succession and be capable of suing and being sued and of taking purchasing and holding land and personal estate and of alienating mortgaging leasing and disposing of the same and shall have a Common Seal and in all cases of legal proceedings service or notice thereof upon the Master Warden for the time being shall be sufficient service on the Board.

X. Provided that every purchase and every alienation Conveyances must be mortgage lease and disposition of land by such Board shall be approved of by the Governor in Council.

# Pilots and Pilotage.

XI. The Chief Marine Board is hereby empowered to ap- Appointments of Pilots. point license suspend or dismiss all Pilots within the Colony.

XII. The Chief Marine Board shall regulate the duties and Board to regulate Pilot charges, &c. conduct of all Pilots within the Colony and shall fix the Pilotage rates which shall be payable at each Port not being greater than the rates specified in the Schedule and shall determine the nature of the service for which such rates respectively shall be payable the time of payment and the amount to be paid for detention of Pilots on board vessels under quarantine or otherwise.

XIII. No person shall be appointed to be a Pilot at any Pilots to be examined l'ort unless he shall have first undergone an examination before the Marine Board of such Port or before examiners appointed by the Board and shall have received a certificate of competency and such examination shall be conducted and such certificate shall be given subject to regulations to be made by the Chief Marine Board in that behalf and not otherwise provided that no such regulations shall take effect unless they shall have been submitted to and approved of by the Governor in Council.

Pilots may be suspended from duty.

XIV. It shall be lawful for any Board to be constituted as hereinafter provided at any Port at any time as it may deem necessary to suspend any Pilot from acting as such for a Port within its jurisdiction Provided that every such suspension and the cause thereof shall be forthwith reported to the Chief Marine Board whose decision chall be final.

Boards may appoint and regulate pay of Pilots.

XV. It shall be the duty of the Chief Marine Board to fix the remuneration to be paid to Pilots and to pay such remuneration out of the funds at its disposal under this Act and to settle how Pilots' establishments are to be upheld and maintained.

Penalty on Person illegally piloting.

XVI. If any person unless in the case of some unavoidable necessity acts as Pilot without being licensed or after he has been suspended or dismissed such person shall forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Pilots who have been licensed under former law to act.

XVII. Every Pilot who at the time of the commencement of this Act is legally licensed as a Pilot shall during the continuance of such license and until such license is revoked by the Chief Marine Board be deemed to be licensed as a Pilot under this Act.

Rates of Pilotage to be fixed and prepaid.

XVIII. No Pilot shall in any case conduct a vessel to sea from any Port until the full amount of Pilotage according to the rates for the time being fixed and established for such Port has been paid.

Regulates Exemption from Pilotage.

XIX. The Chief Marine Board is hereby empowered to grant certificates of exemption from Pilotage to such Colonial traders as it shall think fit which certificate shall state that the master of the Colonial trader specifying his name and that of the vessel is qualified to conduct and navigate his vessel into the Port or Ports where the exemption is claimed and a register in the nature of a counterpart of each certificate shall be kept by the said Board of all such Colonial traders and the master thereof who shall have received certificates accordingly and every such master shall sign such register and all Colonial traders in respect of which such exemptions are granted and in force shall unless the master actually requires the services of a Pilot and employs one accordingly be exempt from payment of more than one full rate of Pilotage in and out of such Port in each year accordingly Provided that no such vessel shall be so exempt from Pilotage unless the master produces such certificate of exemption when required by the Collector of Customs of the Port or by any licensed Pilot who may board such vessel and permits the same to be read by such Collector of Customs or Pilot Provided also that no such vessel shall be entitled to such exemption from Pilotage unless from the time of approaching within six leagues of the shore up to the time of her anchoring in the Port there is kept flying at her mast or main-mast head as the case may be such distinguishing flag as the Chief Marine Board from time to time for that purpose directs Provided also that all vessels exempt from Pilotage at the time of the commencement of this Act shall continue so exempt for six months thereafter and no longer unless the vessel is then exempt under the provisions of this Act.

XX. If any vessel not exempt from Pilotage or not employed in coasting only proceeds to sea from any Port for which a Pilot is so licensed as aforesaid or quits her station or anchorage in such Port in order to proceed to sea without receiving on board some Pilot so licensed for the purpose of conducting her to sea the master of such vessel shall over and above the amount which would have been payable for Pilotage if a Pilot's services had actually been engaged forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Penalty on Masters evading Pilotage.

XXI. If the master of any vessel not exempt from Pilotage Penalty on Master or not employed in coasting only arriving from any place beyond refusing or hindering the good of the the sea at or off any Port for which a Pilot is so licensed as aforesaid and intending to enter such Port does not immediately upon demand receive on board such vessel the licensed Pilot who first offers himself to conduct her into Port or does not forthwith upon demand and upon the Pilot producing if required his license give the vessel in charge to such Pilot the master so offending shall over and above the amount which would have been payable for Pilotage if the Pilot's services had actually been accepted forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

XXII. If any Pilot in charge of a vessel entering into or Extra Charge or solver out of any Port remains on board such vessel whilst Detention of Pilot. proceeding out of any Port remains on board such vessel whilst under Quarantine or is delayed in the performance of his duty by any act of the master the master or owner shall for every day the Pilot remains on board or is delayed as aforesaid pay in addition to the amount of Pilotage so fixed as aforesaid such sum as may from time to time be directed by the Board by any Bye-law to be made and published by it under the authority of this Act and such additional amount shall be a Port charge on the vessel.

# Lighthouses.

XXIII. The Chief Marine Board shall have the manage-Board to Manage and ment and control of and is hereby charged with the maintenance control Coast-Lights. and reparation of the several Light-houses light-ships sea marks and beacons erected or to be erected on the Coast of this Colony and subject to the provisions of this Act shall have all the powers and jurisdiction in respect of such Light-houses and Light-ships which the guild or fraternity commonly called the Corporation of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond has and exercises or may hereafter have and exercise within the United Kingdom.

XXIV. For the purpose of erecting any new Lighthouse Provision for erection or stationing any Light-ship on the Coast of any Province the of Light-houses, &c. Chief Marine Board and the Marine Board or Boards for such Province if such shall have been established shall form a consolidated Board of which the President of the Marine Board shall be the Chairman and such consolidated Board is hereby authorised and required to meet from time to time as occasion requires for the purpose of determining the necessity or expediency of establishing new Light-houses or Light-ships and such consolidated Board is hereby authorised to do all things necessary for the erection and establishment of any new Light-houses or Lightships which such consolidated Board may determine to be necessary or desirable.

XXV. It shall be lawful for the Chief Marine Board to fix Board mayfic Light Light-house Dues not exceeding those specified in the Schedule

to this Act which shall be payable at any Port or Ports within the Colony in respect of all vessels arriving at such Ports by the Master of every such vessel.

# Surveys and other Duties.

Board to make Marine Surveys.

XXVI. It shall be the duty of the Chief Marine Board to make and complete or authorize to be made and completed all such Surveys of any Port harbour or coastline of the Colony as may be requisite for the safety of shipping and all such Surveys so made and completed shall be published by authority of the said Board.

Inspection of Steam Vessels.

XXVII. In any Port of the Colony where no Marine Board shall have been constituted as hereinafter provided and until some Marine Board shall be so constituted the Chief Marine Board shall have all such powers and exercise all such duties and functions as are or may be conferred upon any Board by the "Steam Navigation Act 1862" or by any Act which may hereafter be passed by the Legislature of the Colony for the same or similar purposes.

Board may delegate powers under Steam Navigation Act. XXVIII. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Chief Marine Board with the consent of the Governor in Council to delegate in writing any or all such powers duties and functions in respect of any Port to the Collector of Customs of such Port or to some other fit and proper person to be by him had and exercised on behalf of the Chief Marine Board in accordance with regulations to be expressed in such delegation.

Quarantine Regulations.

XXIX. The Chief Marine Board shall from time to time as occasion may require make and issue Quarantine Regulations to be in force within any Port or Ports of the Colony Provided that all such regulations shall before coming into operation be approved of by the Governor in Council and published in the Government Gazette of the Colony and of the Province to which the same shall relate.

# Accounts.

Funds how to be dealt with.

XXX. All Light-house dues and Pilotage Rates leviable under the authority of this Act shall be paid by the master of the vessel in respect of which the same shall be payable to the Collector of Customs of the Port who shall from time to time pay the whole amount thereof to the Colonial Treasurer And all such dues and rates respectively shall be carried by the Colonial Treasurer to a separate account and shall be by him paid from time to time upon the warrant of the Governor to the Chief Marine Board.

Dues and Rates to form Special Fund.

XXXI. The Light-house dues so paid over shall form a fund to be applied by the Chief Marine Board exclusively to the election maintenance and repair of Light-houses on the coast of the Colony And the Pilotage rates so paid over shall in like manner be applied to the remuneration of Pilots and the maintenance of Pilot establishments within the Colony.

XXXII. An annual account of all moneys received and Annual Account to expended by the Chief Marine Board for the purposes of this Act be transmitted and Audited. signed by the Master Warden or two of the Wardens made up to the thirty-first day of December in each year shall before the end of the then next January be transmitted by the Board to the Auditor of Public Accounts for examination and audit.

## LOCAL BOARDS.

XXXIII. It shall be lawful for the Superintendent and Method of appoint-Provincial Council of any Province by Act or Ordinance to be passed in that behalf before the thirty-first day of December in the year 1863 to constitute for any Port within such Province a Marine Board and to distinguish each Board by such name as may seem fit and to confer upon such Board any powers duties and functions subject to the provisions of this Act and to give power to the Superintendent of the Province to define the limits of jurisdiction of any such Board within the Province Provided that every such Act or Ordinance shall be reserved for the Governor's assent.

XXXIV. Such Boards shall respectively consist of not less Who shall compose than three nor more than five Wardens who shall be appointed and removeable by the Superintendent of the Province and such Wardens shall as soon as may be after the establishment of the Board elect one of their number to be the Master Warden of the Board and another to be Treasurer thereof and from time to time as any vacancy occurs in the office of Master Warden or Treasurer the Wardens shall as soon as may be after their number is complete in like manner elect another to supply such vacancy.

XXXV. Every appointment of any such Warden shall be Appointments to be made by Warrant of which a notice shall be published in the Government Gazette of the Province to which the same shall relate.

XXXVI. If any Warden is declared insolvent or ceases or When Warden's seat parts to attend the sittings of the Board for a period of three neglects to attend the sittings of the Board for a period of three months at one time except in case of illness certified by a duly qualified Medical Practitioner or of absence by permission of the Board it shall be lawful for the Board to declare such Warden's seat vacant and it shall thereupon be vacant accordingly.

XXXVII. Upon every vacancy among the Wardens a new New Appointment of Warden. Warden shall be appointed in manner aforesaid to supply such vacancy.

XXXVIII. Such Boards respectively shall be Bodies Cor- Boards shall be Corporate by the respective names aforesaid and by those names Seal: respectively shall have perpetual succession and be capable of suing and being sued and shall respectively have a Common Seal and in all cases of legal proceedings service or notice thereof upon the Master Warden for the time being shall be sufficient service on the Board.

XXXIX. If in any Port no Marine Board shall have been Governor may constiestablished by Act or Ordinance of the Superintendent and stitute Board in certain cases.

Provincial Council of the Province within which the same is situated as hereinbefore provided before the 1st day of January 1864 it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council at any time thereafter as he shall think fit to establish a Marine Board for such Port and every Board so established shall have and exercise the same powers duties and functions as are by this Act conferred upon the Marine Board of any Port and shall be composed in the same way and the Governor in Council shall have the same powers in relation thereto as are hereinbefore conferred upon the Superintendent of such Province.

General Powers and Duties of Boards.

Definition of Powers and Duties.

- XL. The Boards respectively are hereby empowered and required to perform the general functions and duties following:—
  - To superintend and maintain harbour marks buoys lights and beacons now or hereafter to be erected or placed:
  - To license Boatmen plying for hire in any Port and fix the Fees to be paid for such Licenses and also the Penalties on persons plying for hire without being licensed to regulate the Fares to be charged by Licensed Watermen plying for hire within the Ports in their jurisdiction to fix places at which Licensed Watermen shall ply and otherwise regulate their conduct and proceedings and to regulate and control steam or other Ferry boats plying for hire at wharves or public thoroughfares:
  - To License Tugs if necessary for conducting vessels into and out of Port and to fix the fees to be paid for such Licenses and the Rates to be charged for the services of such tugs:
  - To appoint and remove Harbour Masters and other Officers of the Port:
  - To regulate the berthing of vessels at wharves and in docks and the mooring unmooring and removal of vessels and the number of days during which a vessel shall be permitted to occupy any berth and to fix and determine the depth of water to which vessels in any dock may be loaded whilst in such dock:
  - To License ballast boats and tank boats and as far as possible to regulate the supply of ballast and water to the shipping:
  - To regulate the duties and conduct of the Harbour Masters and other persons employed and acting in carrying out and effectuating the several objects of this Act within any Port the limits to which the powers and duties of Harbour Master shall extend and the mode in which Masters of vessels shall apply for and obtain the services of the Harbour Masters:
  - To carry out and enforce all Harbour and Quarantine Regulations which shall be lawfully in force within the Port:

To make and enforce rules in cases where such shall not have already been provided by law for the convenience of persons walking upon or landing on or embarking from any wharf for regulating the shipping or landing of goods merchandise or other commodities at or from any dock or wharf the nature of the goods merchandise or other commodities which may or may not be shipped or landed and the mode and time of shipping and landing the same for the cleansing repair and effectual preservation of docks and wharves for the governing and regulation of porters carters carmen and others carrying goods or using or driving horses waggons carts drays trucks or other carriages for conveying passengers goods merchandise or other commodities to or from docks or wharves for the convenience of persons using or resorting to the same and otherwise generally for the better governance regulation and management safety and protection of the ports docks wharves and shipping as to such Boards respectively seem necessary or desirable.

XLI. All buoys beacons and sea-marks within any Port Buoys &c. to belong shall be vested in the Superintendent of the Province within which to Superintendent the same shall be situate.

## Wharves and Docks.

XLII. For the prevention of doubts and disputes as to the superintendent may limits of any wharf quay pier or dock under the charge of the Board it shall be lawful for the Superintendent of any Province from time to time as occasion may require by Proclamation for for that purpose published in the Gazette of the Province to define the limits and boundaries for the purposes of this Act of any wharf quay pier or dock within each Province under the charge of the Board and such Proclamation from time to time to revoke and in manner aforesaid to re-define such limits and boundaries and every wharf quay pier or dock so defined or re-defined shall be a wharf quay pier or dock within the meaning and for the purposes of this Act and the limits and boundaries so defined or re-defined shall be deemed to be the limits and boundaries of the same.

XLIII. It shall not be lawful for any person to commence or Plans of construction undertake the construction of any new or additional wharf quay of additional wharves dock pier or other harbour work in any Port within the jurisdiction be laid before of any Board until he shall have laid before the Board detailed plans and specifications of such proposed work nor until the same shall have been approved of by the Board and notice in writing of such approval shall have been given to such person accordingly And no works executed with such approval shall render any person liable for indictment for nuisance or prepesture Provided always that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to interfere with any rights or privileges of water frontage or any other rights or privileges of any person or persons in to or over any lands reclaimed or to be reclaimed from the sea.

#### Accounts.

Annual Account to be transmitted audited and published. XLIV. An annual account of all moneys received and expended by each Board for the purposes of this Act signed by the Master Warden or two of the Wardens made up to the thirty-first day of December in each year shall before the end of the then next January be transmitted by the Board to the Au litor of the Province within which such Board is established for examination and Audit.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Governor in Council may make Harbour Regulations.

XLV. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council from time to time to make such Regulations as may be found necessary respecting the anchoring and mooring of vessels in any Port the packing landing deposit and removal of gunpowder the erection of magazines for the safe keeping thereof the watering and ballasting and discharging of ballast of or from vessels and all other matters relating to the safe and commodious navigation of any Port Harbour or River and the order and management of vessels resorting thereto and for the purpose of giving effect to such regulations it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to authorise the levying of Harbour Master's Fees not exceeding the Rate specified in the Schedule and to impose any penalty not exceeding £20 for any one offence against any provisions thereof Provided that all Harbour dues payable under this Act shall be paid to the Marine Board of the Port in which they shall arise.

Provisions of Act to apply to each Board and Officer respectively. XLVI. All the provisions of this Act relating to the Board or any Warden shall apply to the Boards respectively and the Wardens of such Board in respect of the Ports and other matters to which such provisions relate which are within the jurisdiction of the respective Boards.

General Dues and Rates. XLVII. Subject to any alteration made by or under Authority of this Act and until other provision is made in that behalf under the authority of this Act all Light-house Pilotage Wharfage and other dues rates and charges now payable by law within any of the Ports of this Colony shall continue to be levied and shall be paid to the Collector of Customs or other person or persons authorised to receive the same at the Port where the same are payable and shall be available only for the purposes of the Port in which they are levied.

General Expenses.

XLVIII. All necessary and lawful expenses incurred by any Board in the execution of this Act or of any powers or duties at any time vested in such Board by law shall be defrayed out of the funds at the disposal of such Board.

Light-house and Pilotage Dues to be Port Charges and to be paid before Clearance.

XLIX. All Light-house Pilotage and other dues and payments whatever hereby made payable by the master of any ship or vessel or in respect of any ship or vessel shall be deemed to be Port charges and shall be paid and recovered in the same manner as any Port charge is by law payable and recoverable and the clearance of any vessel in respect of which any Port charge or any other charge or sum of money has been imposed or is payable under this Act shall be

withheld until all such Port charges and other charges and sums of money are duly paid satisfied and discharged as by this Act required and if the master of any vessel attempts to take such vessel to sea without such clearance such vessel may be detained.

L. In order to encourage the resort of vessels of all nations engaged in the whale fishery and vessels arriving under the Charges. circumstances hereinafter mentioned to the Ports of the Colony all vessels of all nations outfitting for or refitting from the whale fisheries and all vessels arriving an I sailing in ballast or which do not break bulk or only to such an extent as may be necessary to provide funds for the repairs refittings or refreshments required by such vessels and all vessels belonging to any Foreign Power with which a treaty in commerce declared by any Royal Order in Council to be subsisting has been made which arrive at any Port for the purpose of landing any oil or whalebone the produce of fish caught or taken by the crews of such vessels and which shall land such oil and whalebone at any wharf appointed by the Board for that special purpose shall be and the same are hereby wholly exempted from the payment of Light-house dues and all Port charges whatsoever except only those of Pilotage in cases where the services of a Pilot have been actually required and received.

Whalers to exempt from

LI. No master of any such vessel as last aforesaid shall upon such vessel proceeding to sea from any Port or arriving from any place beyond sea at or off any Port be subject or liable to pay any fine or penalty by reason of such master not receiving on board a Pilot for the purpose of conducting such vessel to sea or into Port as the case may be.

Masters of Whalers exempt from Penalties.

LII. No such vessel as last aforesaid shall be anchored or Rules for Mooring moored or moved from place to place within any Port within the limits for the time being defined for the performance of the duties of the Harbour Master of such Port unless with the permission of such Harbour Master for that purpose first obtained Provided always that nothing herein contained shall render any person liable to any penalty for anchoring or mooring any such vessel within any such limits upon her first arriving if no Harbour Master then repairs on board such vessel and appoints the place where she is to be anchored or moored.

LIII. Every Board constituted under the provisions of this Bye-Laws. Act is hereby empowered from time to time to make publish alter modify amend or repeal such Bye-Laws as to such Board seem meet for regulating its own proceedings and for carrying into effect and enforcing the general powers and duties hereinbefore vested in and imposed on the Board and also all other matters and things whatsoever which the Board is authorised to do or caused to be done under this Act and for the collection of all dues and sums of money payable to such Board for the purposes of this Act and to appoint by such Bye-laws such penalties as are deemed necessary for enforcing the same Provided that no such penalty shall exceed the sum of Fifty Pounds and no such Bye-Law shall have any effect unless the same shall have been

submitted to and approved of by the Governor in Council and shall have been published in the Government Gazette of the Colony or of the Province to which the same shall relate Provided also that no Bye-Law to be made by the Board shall be repugnant to this Act or to the general spirit and intendment of the laws in force in this Colony and of the Province within which the same shall be established.

Bye-Laws deemed part of Act.

LIV. All Bye-laws so made and in force as aforesaid shall be deemed to be incorporated with this Act and shall be of the same force and effect as though the provisions of such Bye-laws were expressly enacted in this Act.

Proof of Bye laws.

LV. In all proceedings the production of the Gazette containing any such Bye-law shall alone be sufficient prima facie evidence that all the provisions of this Act relating to the making and confirmation of such Bye-law have been duly complied with and that such Bye-law is in full force and effect and the onus of proving the contrary shall in every case be on the person disputing the validity of such Bye-law.

#### Penalties.

Offence incurring penalty.

LVI. If any person fails refuses or neglects to do or in any manner obstructs impedes or interferes with the doing of anything enjoined or authorised to be done or wilfully does anything prohibited by this Act or molests or makes use of any threatening or abusive language to any Warden Harbour Master Pilot or other Officer whilst in the execution of his duty under this Act or in any other respect offends against any of the provisions of this Act or any regulation duly made under authority of this Act every such person in any such case so offending shall where no other penalty is in that behalf specifically provided forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Penalty for obstruc-

LVII. If any person wilfully obstructs molests or hinders any engineer surveyor workman labourer or other person employed by any Board in the performance of his duty or employment in the execution of this Act every person so offending shall forfeit for every such offence a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Penalty for wilful Damage to works.

LVIII. If any person wilfully breaks throws down destroy or in anywise damages or injures any wharf quay pier dock shed roadway building or other work whatsoever which is under the charge of any Board every person so offending shall for every such offence forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds over and above the amount of injury or damage done.

Penalty for wilful Da nage to Lights.

LIX. If any person wilfully or negligently breaks throws down damages or takes away any lamp lamp-post lamp-iron or other work set up for the purpose of lighting any such wharf quity pier or dock as aforesaid or any such adjoining roadway or street as aforesaid or wilfully extinguishes any light within any such lamp every person so offending shall forfeit for every such offence a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds over and above the amount of injury or damage done.

LX. If any tree is felled by the owner or occupier of any land or by any person employed or authorised by him on the bank of any navigable river or creek so that any part thereof is in or over the water below high-water mark and the same is not removed within two days after having been so felled such owner or occupier shall forfeit a penalty not exceeding Forty shillings and a further penalty of Forty-shillings for each day beyond the two days aforesaid during which any such tree so felled as aforesaid so continues on the bank of such navigable river or creek and if any tree is so felled by any unauthorised person such unauthorised person shall for every such tree so felled, forfeit a penalty not exceeding Five Pounds together with the cost of removing the same.

Trees felled to be re-

LXI. Any person who wilfully injures removes or destroys any buoy beacon or sea-mark used for the convenience of navigation or for the preservation of vessels shall be guilty of felony and on conviction of the said offence shall be liable to penal servitude for a period not exceeding Four Years.

Penalty for removing or defacing Buoys &c

LXII. Any person who makes any vessel boat timber or other article fast to any buoy beacon or sea-mark and any master or owner of a vessel being navigated without having a Pilot on board or the owner of any boat by which any such buoy beacon or sea-mark is accidentally removed injured or destroyed who does not forthwith and either with or without demand make good such damage or pay to the Collector of Customs at the Port for the purposes of this Act a sum in the judgment of the Board sufficient to cover the expense of so doing shall for every such offence forfeit a penalty not exceeding One Hundred Pounds.

Accidental Injuries to be repaired under Pe-

LXIII. Any Harbour Master or other Officer or person who refuses or neglects to perform any duty imposed on him by this Act or by any regulations made and issued under the authority of this Act or who through negligence or drunkenness does or occasions any injury to a vessel or to the tackle or furniture thereof or who while in the execution of his duty as such Harbour Master makes use of any threatening or abusive language to the master of any vessel shall forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Penalty on Harbour Master for neglect &c

LXIV. Any Pilot who refuses neglects or delays to take Penalty on Pilots for charge of a vessel without good and sufficient cause in that behalf or quits any vessel departing before the vessel has passed the point or distance which may be fixed for that purpose by the Board or who by drunkenness renders himself incapable of conducting the vessel or by ignorance or from want of due care does or occasions any injury to the vessel or to the tackle or furniture thereof or makes use of anythreatening or abusive language to the master shall on proof of the offence to the satisfaction of the Board forfeit a penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds and shall besides be liable to suspension and dismissal as hereinbefore provided.

Misbehaviour, &c.

Sums unaccounted? for to be deemed Crown Debts.

LXV. All sums of money received by any Board by virtue and for the purposes of this Act of which the application or disposition for the purposes of this Act is not duly shown or accounted for by the Board or for the payment and disbursement of which for such purposes no legal or proper voucher or receipt is produced by the Board to the satisfaction of the Auditor of Public Accounts or Provincial Auditor as the case may be or which is wrongly or improperly retained by the Board or any member thereof shall be and be recoverable as a debt upon record from the Board to Her Majesty.

Summary Procedure for Breach of Byelaws, IXVI. Any breach whatsoever of any of the provisions of this Act or of any bye-law or regulation made thereunder shall where no other mode or remedy is by this Act specifically provided be heard and determined in a summary way before any Resident Magistrate or two or more Justices of the Peace.

What shall be sufficient Averment.

LXVII. In any proceeding for any offence against this Act the averment that such offence was committed within the limits of the Port within which the same is alleged to be committed shall be sufficient without proof of such limits unless the contrary is proved.

Limitation and Regulation of Actions.

LXVIII. No plaintiff shall recover in any action commenced against any person for anything done in pursuance of this Act unless such action be commenced within three months after the fact committed and unless notice in writing has been given to the defendant one month before such action is commenced of such intended action signed by the attorney of the plaintiff specifying the cause of such action nor shall the plaintiff recover in any such action if tender of sufficient amends has been made to him or his attorney by or on behalf of the defendant before such action brought aud in case no such tender is made it shall be lawful for the defendant in any such action at any time before issue joined to pay into Court such sum of money as he thinks proper and the defendant in every such action may plead the general issue and give the special matter in evidence and that the same was done in pursuance and under the authority of this Act and if the same appears to have been so done or if such action or suit has been brought before the expiration of one month next after such notice has been given as aforesaid or after sufficient satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid then and in every of such cases the Jury shall find a verdict for the defendant and upon such verdict or if the plaintiff is nonsuited or discontinues his action or if upon demurrer or otherwise judgment is given against the plaintiff then and in every such case the defendant shall recover treble costs and shall have the same remedy for recovering the same as any defendant has for his costs in any other case by law.

British Registry to rule Tonnage.

LXIX. Where any vessel has been registered at a Port in the United Kingdom or any British possession the amount of tonnage specified in the certificate of such registry shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be the tonnage of such vessel.

LXX. In order to ascertain the tonnage of any vessel not Tonnage to be mea. registered as aforesaid as to which any question arises it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs or other person appointed in that behalf by the Collector of Customs at the Port in which such vessel may then be to measure such vessel and such Officer or person in measuring such vessel shall follow the regulations contained in the law regulating the measurement of shipping for the time being in force in this Colony.

LXXI. An Ordinance passed by the Legislative Council of Acts repealed. New Zealand intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the Regulations of Harbours" and another Ordinance passed by the said Legislative Council intituled "An Ordinance to amend an Ordinance to provide for the Regulation of Harbours" are hereby respectively repealed.

LXXII. All Rules and Regulations made under the Ordi- Existing Rules to remain in force. nances which are in force when this Act comes into operation shall continue in force as if made under this Act until revoked or altered under the authority of this Act and no longer.

#### SCHEDULE.

### HARBOUR MASTERS' FEES.

For every service performed by a Harbour Master under this Act a sum not exceeding One Penny per Ton of the Vessel in respect of which the Service is performed.

#### PILOTAGE RATES.

For every sailing Vessel, a sum not exceeding Six Pence per Ton Inwards and the same sum Outwards.

For every Steam Vessel a sum not exceeding Four Pence per Ton Inwards and the same sum Outwards.

For every day that a Pilot is detained on board any Vessel whilst under Quarantine or by any act of the Master a sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings per day.

### LIGHT-HOUSE RATES.

For every Steam Vessel and for every Vessel employed in the Coasting Trade on entering Inwards at the Customs of this Colony Four Pence per Ton.

For every other Vessel entering Inwards at the Customs of this Colony Nine Pence per Ton.